

2	1222	2													
3	Ho	ours /	70	Marks	Seat	No.									
15	minute	es extra for	r each	hour											
	Instru	ctions –	(1)	All Questions are Compulsory.											
			(2)	Answer each	next main	Que	stio	n o	n a	n ne	ew	pag	e.		
			(3)	Illustrate your necessary.	answers	with	nea	t sl	cetc	hes	wł	nere	ver		
			(4)	Figures to the	e right ind	icate	ful	l m	ark	s.					
			(5)	Assume suital	ble data, i	f nec	essa	ary.							
			(6)	Use of Non-p Calculator is	programma permissible	ble E e.	lect	ron	ic]	Poc	ket				
			(7)	Mobile Phone Communication	e, Pager ar on devices Hall.	nd an are 1	y o not	other per	r E mis	lect sibl	roni le i	ic n			
													Ma	rks	
1.		Solve a	ny <u>F</u>	IVE of the fo	llowing:									10	
	a) State whether the function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + \sin x + x$ is an odd or even function.							cos	x						
	b)	If $f(x)$	$= x^3$	$-5x^2 - 4x +$	20. Show	that	f(()) =	= —ź	2 f	(3).				
	c)	Find $\frac{d}{dt}$	$\frac{v}{x}$ if,	$y = e^{\log x}$											
d) Evaluate : $\int \frac{1}{3x+5} dx$															
	e)	Evaluate	e : ∫	$(x^{10}+10^x + e^x)$)dx										
f) Find the with x			The Area under the curve $y = x^2$ and $x = 0$ to $x = 3$ - axis.												
	g)	Show th (2, 3).	hat ro	ots of equation	$x^3 - 2x$	- 5	= () li	es 1	betv	veei	1			
													P.T	.0.	

2. Solve any THREE of the following: 12 a) If $f(x) = \log x$ and $g(x) = x^3$ then, show that f[g(2)] = 3f(2). b) Differentiate w.r.t. $x : \sin x^{\sqrt{x}}$ c) If $x = a \sin^3 \theta$, $y = b \cos^3 \theta$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$. d) Divide 120 into two parts such that their product is maximum. 3. Attempt any THREE of the following: a) Find maximum and minimum value of the function $x^3 - \frac{15x^2}{2} + 18x$. b) If $2x^2 - xy + 3y^2 = 18$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at (3, 1). c) If $y = \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}\right]$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. d) Evaluate : $\int \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{x}} dx$ 4. Attempt any THREE of the following: 12 a) Evaluate : $\int \tan^{-1} x \, dx$ b) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{2x^2 + 3x + 2}$ c) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 - x}$ d) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{5+4\cos x}$ e) Evaluate : $\int_{-\infty}^{5} \frac{\sqrt{9-x} \cdot dx}{\sqrt{9-x} + \sqrt{x+4}}$

Marks

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5. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following:

- a) Find the area bounded by the curve $y^2 = x$ and $x^2 = y$.
- b) If 2% of electric bulbs manufactured by company are defective, find the probability that in a sample of 100 bulbs
 - i) 3 bulbs are defective
 - ii) at least 3 bulbs will be defective
- c) In a sample of 1000 cases the mean of a certain test is 14 and standard deviation is 2.5. Assuming distribution to be normal. Find,
 - i) How many student score betⁿ 12 and 15.
 - ii) How many student score above 18.

[Given : A(0.8) = 0.2881, A(0.4) = 0.1554, A(1.6) = 0.4452]

6. Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following:

a) Solve the following system of equation by Gause-elimination method.

6x - y - z = 193x + 4y + z = 26x + 2y + 6z = 22

- b) Using Regula falsi method find approximate root of $x^3 4x + 1 = 0$ (four iterations only)
- c) Attempt the following:
 - i) Solve the following system of equation by Jacobi-Iteration method. (Two iterations) 5x - y + z = 102x + 4y = 12x + y + 5z = -1
 - ii) Solve the following system of equation by using Gauss-seidal method. (Two iterations)

10x + y + z = 122x + 10y + z = 132x + 2y + 10z = 14 12