# Sample Question Paper: Scheme – I

**Programme Name**: Mechanical Engineering

Programme code : ME Semester : VI Sem

Course Title : Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

Marks : 70 Time: 3 Hrs.

#### **Instructions:**

(1)All questions are compulsory.

- (2)Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- (5)Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
- (6)Use of psychrometry chart is allowed

# Q.1) Attempt any FIVE of the following.

**(10 Marks)** 

- a) Define' COP'
- b) List factors affecting on Human comfort
- c) Name any four refrigerants used in Household appliances
- d) State the function of 'Drier'
- e) Explain term 'Dew point temperature'
- f) Name any two types of Dehumidifiers
- g) List desirable properties of Insulations used in Air conditioning applications

# Q.2) Attempt any THREE of the following.

**(12 Marks)** 

- a) Represent Carnot cycle on p-V and T-S diagram
- b) Name any two secondary Refrigerants with their applications
- c) Explain with neat sketch working of 'Capillary tube'
- d) Represent following psycrometric processes on psycrometric chart
  - 1. Heating with Humidification
  - 2. Sensible heating

# Q.3) Attempt any THREE of the following.

**(12 Marks)** 

- a) Draw block diagram of 'Air Refrigeration system'. State the function of each component
- b) List the advantages of Vapor Compression system
- c) Name different Sensible Heat gain sources to be considered for calculating Cooling load of a given application.
- d) 1.5 kW per ton of refrigeration is required to maintain the temperature of 40 deg C in refrigeration system, which works on Reverse Carnot cycle. Find out (i) COP (ii) Temp. of source and (iii) Heat rejected per ton.

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## Q.4) Attempt any Three of the following.

**(12 Marks)** 

- a) A surrounding air having DBT 38 deg C and RH 60% is converted to conditioned air having DBT 26 deg C and WBT 24deg C. Plot the process on psychrometric chart and find out following properties of conditioned air: (1) Relative Humidity (2) Specific humidity
- **b)** Enlist different types of fans used in air-conditioning system. Explain anyone with a sketch.
- c) Explain with neat sketch the working of Automobile Air conditioning
- d) Draw constructional features of 'Hermitically sealed Compressors'
- e) Explain with neat sketch the construction of Slings Psycrometer'

# Q.5) Attempt any TWO of the following.

(12 Marks)

a) A vapour compression system uses CO2 as refrigerant and works between the temperature limits of 25 deg C and -5 deg C. The dryness fraction before compression is 0.6 and compression end in the wet region. Find out COP of the system, assuming there is no sub-cooling of liquid refrigerant. Use following table as properties of CO2.

Temp.	Enthalpy kJ/Kg		Entropy kJ/Kg. deg		Latent
deg C			K		Heat
	Liquid	Vapour	Liquid	Vapour	kJ/Kg
25	164.77	282.23	0.5978	0.9918	117.46
-5	72.57	321.33	0.2862	1.2146	248.76

- b) Explain with neat sketch the working of 'Thermostatic Expansion Valve'
- c) Refrigeration system works on VCR system.

Enthalpies at various points are given below:

Compressor inlet = 1460 kJ/kg

Compressor outlet = 1796 kJ/kg

Inlet to expansion valve = 322 kJ/kg

The refrigerant is superheated by 15 C before it enters the compressor and subcooled by 3 deg C before expansion. Show the cycle on PH and T-S chart.

Find (i) COP (ii) Power required for 1 kg of refrigerant circulated/min.

## Q.6) Attempt any TWO of the following.

(12 Marks)

- a) Draw Li-Br Absorption system showing all important components. State the functions of each component.
- b) Explain with neat sketch the working of 'Direct central Air conditioning system'
- c) Calculate Cooling load of Metrology Laboratory of your Institute.

# Sample Test Paper I Scheme – I

Programme Name : Mechanical Engineering

Programme Code : ME

Semester : Sixth

Course : Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

Marks : 20 Time:1 hour

#### **Instructions:**

a) All questions are compulsory

- b) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary
- c) Figures to the right indicate full marks
- d) Assume suitable data if necessary
- e) Preferably, write the answers in sequential order

# Q.1 Attempt any FOUR.

(8 Marks)

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- a. Define' Ton of Refrigeration'
- b. Name refrigerant leak testing Methods
- c. List applications of Refrigeration
- d. Classify refrigerant Compressors
- e. State the function of Solenoid valve
- f. Name any four manufacturers of Household refrigerators

# Q.2 Attempt any TWO

**(12 Marks)** 

- a. Represent Bell Coleman cycle on .P-V and T-S diagram
- b. A refrigeration system works on vapour compression cycle. Enthalpies at

various points are given below.

 $Compressor\ inlet-1460\ kJ/kg.$ 

Compressor outlet – 1796 kJ/kg.

Inlet to expansion valve -322 kJ/kg.

Calculate :(i) COP and(ii) Power required for 1 kg of refrigerant circulated per min.

The refrigerant is superheated by 15 deg C before it enters the compressor and sub cooled by 3 deg C before expansion. Sketch the cycle on p-h & T-S diagram

c. Explain with neat sketch the working of Screw compressor.

# Sample Test Paper II Scheme – I

**Programme Name**: Mechanical Engineering

Programme Code : ME

Semester : Sixth

Course : Refrigeration and air conditioning

Marks : 20 Time:1 hour

**Instructions:** All questions are compulsory

1. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary

- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 3. Assume suitable data if necessary
- 4. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order

## Q.1 Attempt any FOUR.

(8 Marks)

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- a. State the necessity of Air conditioning
- b. List different types of Psycrometer
- c. Name latent heat gain sources
- d. State the functions of diffusers
- e. List different types of fans used in air conditioning applications
- f. Define 'Dry Bulb temperature'

## Q.2 Attempt any TWO.

(12Marks)

- a. Air is supplied to a conditioned room at 17°C DBT and 50% RH. The air leaves the room at 25°C DBT during which RH increases by 5%. Find (i) DPT of supply air (ii) Change in enthalpy during process. (iii) Change in specific humidity during the process. Show it on psychrometric chart.
- **b.** List different types of outlets used in air distribution system? Enlist the factors to be considered to select outlets and location of outlet used in air distribution system
- c. Calculate heat load of an Auditorium of your institute