Program Name

: Electrical Engineering Program Group

Program Code

: EE/EP/EU

Semester

: Sixth

Course Title

: Emerging Trends in Electrical Engineering

Course Code

: 22628

1. RATIONALE

Every technological area is developing at an exponential rate. New applications are coming up and it's mandatory for all technologists to be well versed in these areas to survive and provide satisfactory and quality services to the society in respect of such technologies. This course aims to prepare the diploma graduates to be conversant with such emerging trends for staying in the race. The main areas in which such developments are in, encompassement systems, intelligent motor controls, tariff and digitization beyond automation. The course gives a decent introduction of these areas and helps the students to be in a state of preparedness.

2. COMPETENCY

Aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Use the trending practices in electrical engineering fields.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- a) Suggest the relevant IoT technologies for electrical systems.
- b) Suggest the relevant components for implementing a smart grid.
- c) Suggest different electrical systems for a smart city.
- d) Suggest the relevant MCC or IMCC for the given application/s.
- e) Propose the relevant improved tariff and metering for the specified type of consumer.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

	Teaching Scheme		Credit	Examination Scheme									Grand				
L	Т	P	(L+T+P)	Paper Hrs.	ES Max		ry Mar P. Max		To Max	tal Min	ES Max		Practica P. Max		S To Max	tal Min	Total
3	ж	-	3	90 Min	70*#	28	30*	00	100	40	=	-	-	=	-		100

(*#): Online examination of 90 minutes duration.0

(*): Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests (of MCQ type) to be conducted during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.



Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P -Practical; C – Credit, ESE –End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment#-External Assessment

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

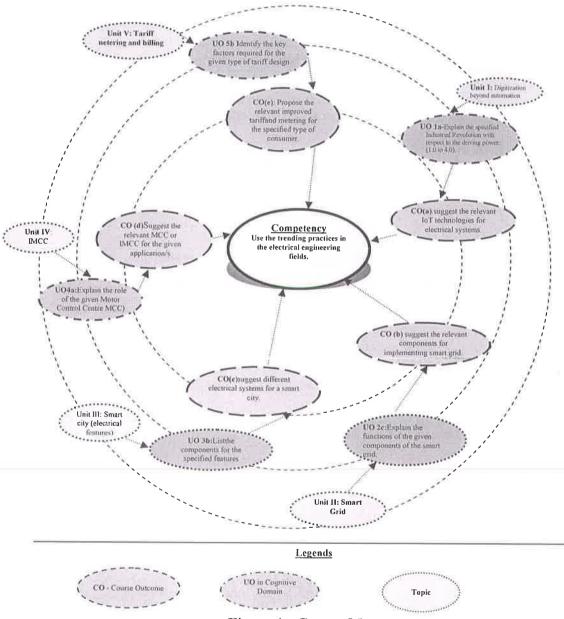


Figure 1 - Course Map



6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES: Not Applicable

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED: Not Applicable

8. UNDER-PINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(in cognitive domain)	
Unit – I Digitization beyond automation	 1a. Explain the specified Industrial Revolution with respect to the driving power. (1.0 to 4.0). 1b. Compare the specified Industrial revolutions with reference to the given points. 1c. Explain the importance of the Industrial Revolution 4.0 with respect to the specified component/s. 1d. Explain the principle of IoT used in the given application. 1e. Explain the IoT used in the given electrical application. 1f. Explain the IoT approach used in the given application for the power distribution system. 	 1.1 Industrial Revolutions: Versions 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 and 4.0; the driving energies/powers for these revolutions. 1.2 Components of Industrial Revolution 4.0: CPS (Cyber Physical Systems), IoT (Internet of Things), Cloud Computing and Cloud Manufacturing. 1.3 IoT principle and features. 1.4 IoT application areas in electrical systems: building automation SCADA, Smart metering, Illumination systems (public lighting). 1.5 IoT initiatives in power distribution systems: Mobile Apps, Geo coordinates of the network as well as consumer premises, Various digital service platforms for consumers.
Unit- II Smart Grid	 2a. Explain the need for the given smart grid. 2b. Draw a labeled layout for the specified smart grid. 2c. Explain the functions of the given components of the smart grid. 2d. Identify the barriers for the given smart grid. 2e. Identify the advantages for the given smart grid. 2f. List the smart grid projects in the Indian grid. 2g. Explain the need for the given micro grid. 	 2.1 Smart Grid: Need and evolution, layout and its components, Advantages and barriers, Smart Grid Projects in India. 2.2 Micro-Grid & Distributed Energy Resources: Needand formation of micro grid, Distributed Generation Systems and Distributed Generation Technologies. 2.3 Smart Substation: Need, Layout and Components, Typical Specifications of existing substations.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit	 Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain) 2h. Explain the general layout of the micro grid. 2i. Explain the working of the given micro grid. 2j. Explain the significance of the Distributed Generation Systems in the given power scenario. 2k. Explain the given Distributed Generation Technology. 2l. Explain the functions of the given components of the smart substation. 	
	2m. Compare the smart substation and conventional substation for the given criteria.	
Unit– III Smart City (Electrical Features)	 3a. Explain the relevant features of the specified smart city. 3b. List the components for the specified features. 3c. Explain the importance of evehicles in the given scenario (environment and energy). 3d. Explain the working of the given type of e-car. 3e. Explain with sketch (block schematic) the working of the given type charging station. 3f. Identify the features of the given fuel cell used in e-cars. 3g. Identify the barriers for the adoption of e-cars in the specified scenario. 3h. Identify the components required for the specified features in the given smart home. 	 3.1 Smart City: Features, components. Objectives and challenges of smart Cities in India. 3.2 E-car: Role of Electric Vehicles energy transition, basics of electricar, types of electricars, working principle, charging stations. Furcell for e-cars, types, feature limitations. 3.3 SmartHome: Features and Components. Illumination and small appliance control principles (block diagram/s).
3	 3i. Identify the illumination and its control components /devices for a specified room of a given smart home. 3j. Explain with schematic sketch the working principle of the given appliance in a 	

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(in cognitive domain)	•
	smart home.	
Unit– IV Intelligent Motor Control Centers	4a. Explain the role of the given Motor Control Centre MCC).4b. List the devices and components used in (with	4.1 General/traditional (conventional) Motor control center: Role in Motor protection and
Centers	functions) the given MCC. 4c. Explain the roles of the components of the given motor control centre (MCC). 4d. Explain the need for the given type of MCC. 4e. Explain the roles and	motor management. Typical block diagram and general architecture or arrangement. Components: symbols and functions. Traditional MCCs: advantages and disadvantages. 4.2 Intelligent or Smart MCCs:
	functions of the devices /components of the specified IMCC. 4f. Prepare the outline with components of the IMCC suitable for a given application. 4g. List the advantages of given type of MCC. 4h. List the disadvantages of given type of MCC. 4i. List the advantages of given type of IMCC. 4j. Suggest an IMCC for a given set of applications.	Need and the requirements that lead to have IMCCs. Role as compared to traditional MCCs. Functional Block diagram/s with general arrangements. 4.3 Devices and Components typical to IMCCs: Intelligent relays, fuses, control devices, effective security and dedicated software. 4.4 Basic components of intelligent systems: Control by microprocessor/microcontroller-based systems; networking/technology replaces hard wiring and enhanced
	Set of approximents	diagnostic/protective functionality. 4.5 Selection of MCC: intelligent and conventional types for typical applications.
Unit- V Tariff, Metering and	5.a Describe terms related to tariff economics.5.b Identify the key factors	5.1Tariff: Power Purchase, Power Purchase Agreements (PPA), Power purchase cost.
Billing	required for the given type of tariff design. 5.c Identify the components for the given type of consumer's	5.1.1Tariff Design: Key factors for Tariff Design, Major Components of an Electricity Bill, various slabs in billing, electricity duty,
	the given type of consumer's electricity bill. 5.d Compare Average Billing Rate (ABR), Aggregate Revenue Requirement	tax on electricity and Cross subsidy. 5.1.2Special tariffs: Average Billing Rate (ABR), Aggregate Revenue
	(ARR). 5.e Explain the suitability of ABT for the given type of	Requirement (ARR), Availability based Tariff (ABT), Time of Day Tariff (ToD), Recent ToD structure

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	consumer. 5.f Suggest with justification the applicable type of tariff for the given type of consumer in the present-day scenario.	5.1.3kVAhtariff:kVAhbilling method for HT and LT Consumers, kVAh Metering methodology, kVAh based Billing calculation,
	5.g Explain the working principal of kVAh meter.5.h Determine the electricity bill for the given type of consumer by kVAh billing	5.2 Metering and Bill Management: Working of Net metering and Gross metering, MERC rules for Net- metering bill (Regulations 2015), Application of Net Metering for
	methodology. 5.i Differentiate between Net metering and Gross metering.	integration of micro-generators with grid system. Recent Meter Reading techniques-MRI/AMR reading.
	5.j List out the relevant MERC rules for Net-metering billing.	
	5.k Explain with schematic diagram the use of Netmetering principle for integration of microgenerators with grid system.	
N. C. T. III	5.1 Explain with schematic diagram MRI/AMR reading techniques for the given consumer.	

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' and above of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit No.		Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks				
	Unit Title		R	U	A	Total	
110.		110015	Level	Level	Level	Marks	
I	Digitization Beyond Automation	08	04	02	02	08	
II	Smart Grid	08	06	04	02	12	
Ш	Smart City (Electrical Features)	08	08	06	02	16	
IV	Intelligent Motor Control Centers	12	04	06	08	18	
V	Tariff, Metering and Billing	12	04	08	04	16	
	Total	48	26	26	18	70	

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

<u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual

distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages (one activity by each group), also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a. Perform general survey regarding the recent electrical technologies.
- b. Prepare a power point presentation on IoT applications.
- c. Perform Group discussion on new electricity tariff approaches.
- d. Prepare a visit report on IMCC.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a. Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b. 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- c. About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- d. With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- f. Show video demonstration on safety precautions.
- g. Demonstrate the actions and care to be taken.
- h. Arrange a visit to.
- i. Arrange expert lecture of industry person.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the year. In the first two years, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the third year, it should be preferably be individually undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should not exceed three.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs as applicable. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than *16 (sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.



A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a. Prepare a report on existing automation in an industry and suggest improvements.
- b. Prepare a reporton Smart Grid.
- c. Prepare a report on any four Electrical Applications in Smart cities.
- d. Present a power point presentation on various IMCCs.
- e. Prepare a report on the procedure of meter reading by MRI and AMR techniques.
- f. Conduct a survey and prepare a report on the IMCCs in one industry.
- g. Prepare a report on mobile apps used for energy billing procedures.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Fundamentals of Smart Grid Technology	Bharat Modi, AnuPrakash, Yogesh Kumar	S.K. Kataria& Sons; 2015 EditionISBN-10: 9350144859, 13: 978-9350144855
2	Smart Grid: Technology and Applications	JanakaEkanayake, Kithsiri Liyanage et al,	Wiley, 2015 Edition ISBN-10: 9788126557356, 13: 978-8126557356
3	Sustainable Smart Cities in India: Challenges and Future Perspectives	Sharma, Poonam, Rajput, Swati	Springer, ISBN 978-3-319-47145-7
4	Control of Electrical Machines	S K Bhattacharya	New Age International ISBN 8122409970, 9788122409970
5	Handbook of Electrical Motor Control Systems	U. S. Eshwar	Tata McGraw-Hill Education ISBN 0074601113, 9780074601112
6	Applied Intelligent Control of Induction motor Drives	Keli Shi and Tze Fun Chan	Wiley ISBN 10:0470825561, 13:978- 0470825563
7	Art of Reading Electricity Bill	Mr. YogendraTalware	Strom EnergiePvt. Ltd. Pune. (stromenergie.pune@gmail.com)

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. http://www.slideshare.net.in (search with relevant key words)
- b. www.youtube.com (search with relevant key words)
- c. https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Technological_revolution#Potential_future_technological_revolutions (general introduction to the new industrial revolution)
- d. https://www.plm.automation.siemens.com/global/en/our-story/glossary/industry-4-0/29278 (Industrial revolution 4.0)



- e. https://www.industry.siemens.com/topics/global/en/digital-enterprisesuite/Documents/PDF/PLMportal_Industrie-40-Internet-revolutionizes-the-economy.pdf (Industrial revolution 4.0)
- f. https://www.trendmicro.com/vinfo/us/security/definition/industrial-internet-of-thingsitot (Internet of things)
- g. https://www.leverege.com/blogpost/difference-between-iot-and-iiot
- h. https://www.computradetech.com/blog/iot-vs-iiot/
- i. https://www.quora.com/Who-coined-the-term-internet-of-things
- j. https://iot-analytics.com/the-leading-industry-4-0-companies-2019/
- k. http://www.mercindia.org.in/pdf/Order%2058%2042/Order-195%20of%202017-12092018.pdf (MERC order on metering)

