17603

21415

3 Hours / 100 Marks

| Seat No. |
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Instructions: (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.

- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- (5) Use of Non-Programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
- (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. [A] Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) State any four functions of superintending Engineer of PWD.
- (b) Define a contract and state its objects.
- (c) Describe any four requirements of a valid contract.
- (d) Define arbitration. State the qualities of arbitrator.
- (e) Give the meanings of (i) Earnest money deposit (ii) Security deposit.

[B] Attempt any ONE:

 $1 \times 6 = 6$

- (a) State different methods of executing a work by PWD and explain anyone in detail.
- (b) State the differences between:
 - (i) Secured advance & advance payment
 - (ii) Running Account bill and Final bill

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2. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Briefly explain administrative approval and technical sanction in connection with government works.
- (b) Mention the method of execution of the following works you would suggest with reasoning.
 - (i) Concrete lining of a canal
 - (ii) WBM road construction
- (c) Explain cost plus percentage rate contract with its advantages and disadvantages.
- (d) State the salient features of BOT project.
- (e) What is a measurement book? State its importance.
- (f) State the use of (i) Cash book (ii) NMR (iii) Indent & (iv) Imprest cash.

3. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Explain the situations when the lowest tender is rejected.
- (b) What is an unbalanced tender? Explain with example.
- (c) State the general conditions of contract with respect to defective material& workmanship.
- (d) What is demolition contract? How is it different from construction contracts?
- (e) What is meant by negotiated contract? When is it used?

4. [A] Attempt any THREE:

 $3 \times 4 = 12$

- (a) Define (i) Retention money & (ii) Mobilisation advance.
- (b) Explain the following:
 - (i) Liquidated damages and Unliquidated damages
 - (ii) Schedule A and Schedule B
- (c) Define specification. State and explain the various types of it.
- (d) What is meant by valuation? State its necessity.

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[B] Attempt any ONE:

 $1 \times 6 = 6$

- (a) Compare item rate contract and lumpsum contract with respect to
 - (i) Nature of agreement, (ii) Mode of payment, (iii) Contract documents (iv) Merits (v) Demerits & (vi) Suitability.
- (b) State the necessity of interim payments made to contractor. Also mention the modes of making the same. State the necessary form too.

5. Attempt any TWO:

 $2 \times 8 = 16$

- (a) Draft a tender notice for a school building costing 25 lakhs covering all important points.
- (b) (i) Define value of a property. State its characteristics.
 - (ii) Explain the factors affecting value.
- (c) A building is newly constructed at the cost of ₹ 15,00,000 on a plot of 1000 m². Fix the monthly rent of this property from the following data:

Rate of land = $\mathbf{7}$ 100/sq.m.

Retwin expected on cost of building and land = 8%

Life of building = 50 years

Rate of interest for sinking fund = 3%

Scrap value = 10% of construction cost

Other outgoings = 30% of gross rent

6. Attempt any FOUR:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Draft a detailed specification for external plastering in cm (1 : 4) with 20 mm thickness on a new brick wall.
- (b) Mention the purposes of writing specifications.

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- (c) Define depreciation. State the various methods of calculating it. Explain any one.
- (d) Differentiate between:
 - (i) Annuity and Sinking fund
 - (ii) Scrap value and Salvage value
- (e) A property fetches a monthly rent of ₹ 6000/-. The outgoings including sinking fund are upto 25% of gross income. If the rate of interest is 12% p.a., calculate, years purchase and capitalized value.