### MAHARASHTRA STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

(Autonomous) (ISO/IEC - 27001 - 2005 Certified)

**SUMMER – 2018 EXAMINATION** 

## **Subject Name: Communication Skills Important Instructions to examiners:**

**Model Answer** 

**Subject Code:** 

17201

- 1) The answers should be examined by key words and not as word-to-word as given in the model answer scheme.
- 2) The model answer and the answer written by candidate may vary but the examiner may try to assess the understanding level of the candidate.
- 3) The language errors such as grammatical, spelling errors should not be given more Importance. (Not applicable for subject English and Communication Skills.)
- 4) While assessing figures, examiner may give credit for principal components indicated in the figure. The figures drawn by candidate and model answer may vary. The examiner may give credit for any equivalent figure drawn.
- 5) Credits may be given step wise for numerical problems. In some cases, the assumed constant values may vary and there may be some difference in the candidate's answers and model answer.
- 6) In case of some questions credit may be given by judgment on part of examiner of relevant answer based on candidate's understanding.
- 7) For programming language papers, credit may be given to any other program based on equivalent concept.

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Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
1.	a)	Answer any <u>TEN</u> of the following questions in 25-30 words each: Why is feedback necessary in the communication?  Ans: Feedback is necessary in communication because the process of communication remains incomplete without it. It is the response to the message, wherein the sender knows if the receiver has received, understood and acted upon the message. Feedback also enables the sender to modify and resend the message as per the need of receiver.	(20)
	<b>b</b> )	Selecting an application channel is a judicious decision. Explain.  Ans: It is important for the sender to make appropriate selection of the medium or channel of communication. Selection of correct channel ensures proper transmission of the message. Quick and smooth transmission also maintains the intention or purpose of communication. It leads to expected feedback. Wrong selection of channel will not carry the correct and proper message to the receiver. It may lead to the failure of communication. Therefore, selecting an appropriate channel is a judicious decision.	02
	c)	What is the role of 'Encoding' and 'Decoding' in a communication process?  Ans: The role of encoding in effective communication: Encoding helps the sender to put his disorganized ideas and thoughts in structured format. It helps the sender to give the correct message which is understandable to receiver that results in effective communication.  The role of decoding in effective communication: Decoding is a process of understanding the message by the receiver. Decoding helps the receiver to give proper feedback to the sender which is necessary for effective communication.	01



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
1.	d)	Write any four advantages of face to face communication.	
		Ans: Advantages of face to face communication:	4./
		1) In face to face communication, we get immediate feedback.	1/2
		2) Both sender and receiver are present in this communication.	1/2
		3) Sender can make use of non-verbal cues while speaking like gestures,	
		postures, facial expressions, eye contact etc for effective communication.	1/2
		4) It is a powerful mean of persuading and controlling, solving problems.	1/2
		5) It saves time as it is direct communication.	1/2
		6) Sender or speaker can modify his message by observing facial	
		expressions of the listener or receiver.	1/2
		7) It saves money, so it is economical.	1/2
		8) We can also explain message in detail, if necessary.	1/2
		9) It is interactive and more flexible.	1/2
		(Note: Any four correct advantages of face to face communication	
		should be given marks.)	
	e)	'One cannot live without communication' Explain briefly.	
	,	<b>Ans:</b> Communication is necessary for building good relationship with	
		others. Day to day activities in the society cannot be performed without	
		communication. It is also useful for exchanging feelings and emotions	
		and for relaxation. It is necessary for sharing information. It is also	
		required for interaction amongst people working at different levels such	
		as management and employees. It is useful for acquiring information.	
		Communication is also useful for understanding problems. It is also	
		helpful in releasing tension. Communication is necessary to encourage	02
		ideas and suggestions. Thus, One cannot live without communication.	02
	<b>f</b> )	Define 'Verbal communication'.	
	1)	Ans: Any form of communication where words are used to convey a	
		message is known as Verbal communication. It takes place in oral and written form.	02
			02
	g)	What is formal and informal communication?	
		Ans: Formal communication: The communication in which certain	
		norms, rules and regulations are followed is known as formal	
		communication. it is time, topic and language bound.	
		OR	
		Person working in organization follow the rules and norms to	
		communicate with each other through written or oral form. This type of	
		communication is called formal communication.	01
		Informal communication: Any unofficial communication is informal	
		communication. The communication in which norms, rules and	
		regulations are not followed is known as informal communication.	
		Communication between friends or family members is informal	
		communication.	01
			[0.2/10



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

	C1-	A	<b>M</b> 1-!			
Q. No.	Sub Q. N.	Answer	Marking Scheme			
1.	h)	State any two situations in which two-way communication occurs.	Scheme			
1.	11)	Ans: 1. Teacher teaches in the class room, asks the questions on the				
		topic and the students answer the questions.	01			
		2. Passenger asks the fare of bus to the bus conductor and the bus	01			
		conductor gives the information to him.	01			
		(Note: Situations/examples may vary.)				
	i)	State any four advantages of written communication.				
		Ans: Advantages of written communication:	1./			
		1. It is accurate because it is prepared more carefully.	1/2			
		2. It is a permanent record and it has legal value.	1/2			
		3. Lengthy messages can be transmitted more easily as there is no	1/			
		chance of missing the main points.	1/2			
		4. The message can be communicated effectively to many people.	1/			
		e.g. pamphlets, newspaper, circular, notice.	1/2			
		5. It gives sufficient time to the receiver to send a proper feedback.	1/2			
		6. The sender gets much time to think and reflect his idea on paper.	1/2			
		7. It is accurate and precise.	1/2			
		8. It is accessible as per one's time and convenience.	1/2			
		9. Chances of distortion of messages are less.	1/2			
		(Note: Any four correct advantages of written communication should				
		be given marks.)				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	How can a language act as a barrier to communication?				
	j)	Ans: Language can act as a barrier to communication when people have				
		no common language to communicate with each other. Language barrier				
		is also caused due to use of vague words, technical jargon, cultural				
		barriers, pronunciations, allusions etc.	02			
		ourrers, pronunctations, unusions etc.	02			
	k) What is diagonal communication? Give one example.					
	Ans: A person working at a higher level of authority in an organization					
		may be required to correspond with a person working at a lower level or				
		vice versa; this is called as diagonal communication. It may be internal				
		or external communication. It does not follow any set pattern like				
		vertical and horizontal communication.	01			
		<b>Example:</b> General Manager of Shah Textiles corresponds with the Sales	\ <del>-</del>			
		Manager of Raymond International.	01			
		(Note: Example may vary.)				
	1)	What is the importance of graphs, charts and tables in				
		communication?				
		<b>Ans:</b> Importance of graphs, charts and tables in communication:				
		1. Graphs, charts and tables show each nominal or ordinal category in				
		a frequency distribution.	01			
		2. They display relative numbers or proportions of multiple				
		categories.	01			
		3. They summarize a large data set in a visual form. They are precise.	01			
Ī	İ	4. They estimate key values at a glance. Therefore it is effective.	01			



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
1		5. It is easily understood due to widespread use in business and in the media.	01
		6. It has an impact on the audience.	01 01
		7. It is easy to understand through visual display.	01
		(Note: Any two correct points should be given full marks.)	VI.
			(4.6)
2.	a)	Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following: What medium/channel would you select out of the list given in the bracket to handle communication situation given below? (Fax, Phone, Email, Circular, Notice, Telephone) i) Sending urgent official information containing some	(16)
		numerical data to your branch office at Pune.  ii) Informing all your customers of the bank about the change in the working hours.  iii) Communication with your friends who are living abroad.  iv) Informing all the senior officers of an office about a meeting	
		in the evening.	
		Ans:	
		i. Sending urgent official information containing some numerical data to your branch office at Pune Fax/Email	01
		ii. Informing all your customers of the bank about the change in the	
		working hours Notice	01
		iii. Communication with your friends who are living abroad <b>Phone</b> / <b>Telephone</b>	01
		iv. Informing all the senior officers of an office about a meeting in the	U1
		evening Circular	01
		6	-
	<b>b</b> )	Explain the communication process with a neat diagram.  Ans: Diagram of communication process:	
		PLANNING ENCODING TRANSMITTING  SENDER RECEIVER  GIVING FEEDBACK DECODING RECEIVING	02
		Explanation of Communication Process:  Communication is two way process that involves the roles of sender and receiver. It is the process of sending and receiving information. Sender sends the message to the receiver and receiver gives feedback to the sender. Communication is incomplete until the message is understood and the feedback is received. The process of communication depends on the role of sender and the role of receiver.	02
		OR  The process of communication depends on the role of sender and the role receiver. It can be explained as follows:	[o: 4 / 10



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Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
2.		Sender's role:  The person who sends the message is known as the sender. The sender has to perform the following functions:  SENDER PLANNING ENCODING TRANSMITTING  Receiver's role:	01
		The person who receives the message and gives feedback is called as receiver. The receiver has to perform the following functions:  RECEIVER  RECEIVING  DECODING  GIVING  FEEDBACK  Communication is a two way process that involves the roles of sender and receiver. It is the process of sending and receiving information. Sender sends the message to the receiver and receiver gives feedback to the sender.	01
	<b>c</b> )	Explain any four principles of effective communication.	
	c)	Ans: The principles of effective communication are:  1. Clarity in encoding the message: Encoding of the message should be clear. For this, the sender should be aware of the purpose of communication. Clarity means it should not arise any confusion or question in the mind of the receiver. There should not be any ambiguity.  2. Clarity in stating the purpose: The message should state the purpose clearly. It should be direct in its intention. The sender should have no doubts about the purpose of communication. Only then, he will be able to express his thoughts in a concise or brief manner without giving unnecessary details.  3. Correctness of the message: The message should be correct. It should not have any incorrect information or misguiding details. Then only, the communication will be effective. Incorrect messages are	01 01
		seldom effective.  4. Conciseness of the message: The key to effective communication is its conciseness and brevity. The sentence should always be short in length. This ensures understanding. Lengthy messages lead to	01 01
		confusion.  5. Completeness of the message: The message should be complete i.e. it should answer all the possible questions of the receiver. Insufficient knowledge confuses the receiver as it leaves him in doubt and distrust.  6. Coherence of the message: The message should have a logical	01
		sequence and flow. It should progress in such a way that the receiver gets a clear picture and is able to respond accordingly.  7. Courteous language: Language in all types of communication should always be courteous. The goodwill generated by courtesy helps	01
		in building long term relations.	01



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Q.	Sub						
No.	Q. N.		Marking Scheme				
2.	urgency of the message, the capacity of the receiver and availability of the resources to send the message. Proper channel ensures proper transmission of the message.  9. <b>Knowledge about the receiver</b> : It is essential that the sender aware of who the receiver is. This knowledge helps him in selecting the right words and proper channel. Sender should know receiver's age experience, interest, knowledge, efficiency, intelligence, grasping power and retention power.						
		10. <b>Taking care of probable barriers</b> : Sender and receiver both the responsibility to make communication effective. They shot anticipate probable barriers and plan accordingly. The barriers	ould to				
		communication must be removed to convey message effectively.  11. <b>Giving feedback</b> : Sender should ensure that the message received an expected feedback. Without feedback, effectiveness of the message cannot be judged. Feedback needs to be positive and prompt. There the sender should take care that he defines the timeline according (Note: Any correct four principles of effective communication).	sage fore gly. 01				
		(Note: Any correct four principles of effective communicates should be given marks.)	HUII				
	<b>d</b> )	Distinguish between formal and informal communication.					
		Ans:					
		Formal Communication Informal Communication					
		1. Any official 1. Any unofficial					
		communication is formal communication is inform					
		communication because the communication. Norms, rul receiver and sender have to and regulations are not follows:					
		follow certain principles, rules in this communication.	eu				
		and regulations.	01				
		2. Formal communication is 2. It is not time bound. It may	ay				
		time bound because it is waste time.					
		restricted to certain limit of	01				
		3. It is topic and language 3. It is not topic and language					
		bound.	ge				
		4. Usage of slang, jargon and 4. Usage of slang, jargon and					
		colloquial is not permitted in colloquial may occur	in				
		formal communication. informal communication.	01				
		5. Sometimes formal 5. Informal communication					
		communication does not take very quick as it spreads rapidly place easily because of shyness It is an effective means	•				
		among the workers or fear in conveying informal messag					
		their mind about how the quickly.					
		authorities will take it.	01				
		6. Sometimes this 6. This communication does n					
		communication takes the shape have any authoritative attitude.	.				
	of an authoritative attitude						
which the subordinate may not like.							
		(Note: Student may write in form of paragraph. Differences may ve	${arv}$ 01				
		Any four correct differences should be given marks.)	y•				

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### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

			17201				
Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking				
No.	Q. N.		Scheme				
2.	e)	Explain the following terms with one example:  i) Chronemics ii) Haptics  Ans: i) Chronemics: Chronemics is related to the proper use of time. It is ethics of proper use of time to be observed in non verbal communication. The way an individual perceives and values time is a powerful communication tool. Time perceptions include punctuality, willingness to wait and interactions. It deals with the effective use of the time. Utilization of our time in our personal and professional life reflects the influence of our culture on us.  Examples of Chronemics: A clerk comes late to his office every day.  ii) Haptics: Haptics is communication by touch. It conveys emotions like affection, concern, friendliness, anger, displeasure, hate, violence, happiness and encouragement. Handshakes are common and easily accepted haptics in professional situations. Other forms of haptics are hugging, patting on shoulders, holding hands of friends to express concern or care, exchange of blows to express anger etc.	01 01				
		<b>xamples of Haptics:</b> The child hugs his mother after winning first rize in dance competition.  Note: Examples may vary					
	f)	<ul> <li>i) Spread ink on the newspaper.</li> <li>ii) Predetermined notion about something or someone.</li> <li>iii) There is a power failure when a public speaker is addressing a large gathering.</li> <li>iv) Inferiority complex in an employee.</li> <li>Ans: <ol> <li>i. Spread ink on the newspaper Mechanical Barrier</li> <li>ii. Predetermined notion about something or someone Psychological Barrier</li> <li>iii. There is a power failure when a public speaker is addressing a large gathering Mechanical Barrier</li> <li>iv. Inferiority complex in an employeePsychological Barrier</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	01 01 01 01				
3.	a) i)	Attempt any ONE of the following: As a head of the department, draft a memorandum for the students, who have been found using mobile phones in the college premises; warn them of a stern action. Ans: Required Format: 1. Letterhead 2. Date 3. Title (Memorandum) 4. From 5. To 6. Subject 7. Relevant and Appropriate Matter	01 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 04				
		8. Signatory	$\frac{1/2}{(0.7/10)}$				



bjec	t Name	SUMMER- 2018 EXAMINATION e: Communication Skills <u>Model Answer</u> Subject Code:	17201
Q. No.	Sub Q. N.	Answer	Markin Scheme
		Sample Draft:	
		NEW PUNE POLYTECHNIC Shivajinagar, Pune-411 001	01
		13 April 2018	1/2
		MEMORANDUM	1/2
		From: The Head of Computer Department	1/2
		To: Raj Mehta (Roll No. 52), Sunil Kadam (Roll No. 65) SYCO	1/2
		Subject: Using mobile phones in the college premises	1/2
		It has been observed that you were using mobile phones in the college premises which disturbed the other students. Using mobile phone is not allowed in the college premises.  You are strictly warned not to use mobile phone in the premises. If this continues in the future, stern action will be taken against you.	04 Mark for Matte
		Sd/- Mr. B. N. Thorat The Head of Computer Department (Note: Information/Details may vary.)	1/2
	ii)	Draft a notice for the students regarding the forth coming 'Book Exhibition' organized by the students committee of your polytechnic institute.  Ans: Required Format:  1. Letterhead 2. Date 3. Title (Notice) 4. Relevant and Appropriate Matter 5. Signatory	01 01 01 04 01
		Sample Draft:  GOVERNMENT POLYTECHNIC Shivajinagar, Pune-411 001	01
		11 November 2017 NOTICE	01 01
		This is to inform all the students of Government Polytechnic that the most awaited 'Book Exhibition' will be organized by the Students Committee on 18 November 2017 at 10.30 am in the auditorium. All the students are requested to visit the 'Book Exhibition' and get the benefit of it.	04 Mark for Matte
		Sd/- Ms. D. R. Shewale Chairman, Students Committee	01
		(Note: Information/Details may vary.)	



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No. <b>3.</b>	(Q. N. b) i)	Attempt any <u>TWO</u> of the following: Explain the importance of eye-contact in communication with	(08)
		<ol> <li>example.</li> <li>Ans: Importance of Eye Contact in communication is as follows:</li> <li>Eyes are the windows to the soul. Maintaining eye contact with the speaker and listener is the most important part of non verbal communication.</li> <li>Eye contact also attracts a person's attention. Thus, we can make sure that the listener is attentive while communicating.</li> <li>Looking into a person's eye is the best way to understand his/her attitude to all that you speak.</li> <li>If you avoid eye contact, it indicates the signs of fear, doubt, confusion, shyness, nervousness etc.</li> <li>For Example:</li> <li>In an interview, the interviewee maintains eye contact that shows that his/her confidence.</li> <li>If the interviewee does not maintain eye contact, it shows that he/she is nervous.</li> <li>(Note: Any three correct points of importance and any one correct example should be given marks. Answer may be written in paragraph form. Example may vary.)</li> </ol>	01 01 01 01 01
	ii)	How does the sender's dress and appearance has an impact upon his/her communication?  Ans: The dress and appearance of the sender has an impact upon his/her communication. The dress and physical appearance of a person conveys the attitude, liking, life style and social status of a person. A person who does not maintain himself/herself well is not likely to win the appreciation of the audience. If the choices go wrong, one cannot expect the right results. For example if we wear a crumpled dress for an interview, we will surely lose the job. Our choices of clothes, hairstyle, the jewellery we wear, can talk a great deal about our belief, attitude, values and status. It is also important to adapt our appearance according to the occasion like dressing for formal, semi formal and informal situations.	04
	ii)	Identify the non-verbal code used in the following communication situation.  Select your answer from the given list of codes (Proxemics, Kinesics, Vocalics, Chronemics, Haptics)  1. Maintaining distance while talking with your senior.  2. Nodding of your head.  3. Shrugging of shoulders.  4. Looking at the 'Watch' again and again.  Ans:  1. Maintaining distance while talking with your senior Proxemics  2. Nodding of your head Kinesics  3. Shrugging of shoulders Kinesics  4. Looking at the 'Watch' again and again Chronemics	01 01 01 01

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	C1	A	M1.
Q. No.	Sub O N	Answer	Marking Scheme
4.	Q. N. a)	Attempt the following. Write a letter of application along with your resume to 'Tata Motors Pvt. Ltd., Seepz, Andheri, Mumbai - 8 for the post of a Junior Engineer. Ans: Required Format of Application Letter: 1. Date 2. Sender's Address 3. Receiver's Address 4. Subject and Reference 5. Salutation	Format : 2 Marks  Matter
		6. Relevant and Appropriate Matter 7. Closure Required Format of Resume: 1. Personal Details 2. Qualification Details 3. Other Activities/Training/Experience etc.	: 2 Marks 1 1
		4. References  Sample Draft: 13 April 2018  Raj Sunil Patil 17, Bhavani Peth Pune-411002	1 Format
		The HR Manager Tata Motors Pvt. Ltd. Seepz, Andheri, Mumbai – 8  Subject: Application for the post of Junior Engineer Reference: Your advertisement in daily 'Times of India' dated 10 April 2018	: 2 Marks
		Dear Sir/Madam, With reference to the above mentioned subject, I would like to offer my candidature for the post of Junior Engineer in your reputed company. I have passed SSC and HSC from Maharashtra Board with Distinction. I have completed B.E. in Mechanical Engineering from Pune university. I am looking for a chance to enhance my career prospects. Given an opportunity, I assure you to work honestly. I am enclosing my resume for your kind reference.  Thanking you and waiting for your favourable reply.	Matter : 2 Marks
		Yours faithfully, Raj Sunil Patil	
		Enclosure: Resume	

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Q.	Sub			Answer			Marking	
No. <b>4.</b>	Q. N.			Resume			Scheme	
7.		Rai S	unil Patil	Resume				
		-	havani Peth,					
		,	-411002					
		Mob.	*****					
		Emai	l ID:*****					
		Perso	onal Details:					
		Date	of Birth	: 12/06/1995				
		Hobb		: Playing Hockey,	Singing and Da	ncing		
			onality	: Indian				
		Lang	uages Known	: Marathi, Hindi a	nd English		01	
		Educ	cational Qualific	cation:		<del></del>	VI	
		Sr. No	Examination	Year of Passing	Board /University	Marks in %		
		1	B.E. (Mechanical)	2017	Pune	88.24%		
		2	H.S.C.	2013	Maharashtra	89.20%		
		3	S.S.C.	2011	Maharashtra	92.36%	01	
		1. 2. 3. <b>Refer</b>	Won first priz Participated in rences: . Mr. P.M. Desh HOD (ME), Co	oorts Club, College e in Singing Compe n Hockey Tourname mukh ollege of Engineerin	etition ents at State leve ng, Pune		01	
				*******, Email 1	D:*****			
		2	2. Mrs. L. R. Kok		Duna			
				ege of Engineering, *********, Email 1			01	
	(Note: Format & details of resume can vary. Students may write an application letter in semi block or indented format.)							
	b) (i)	A fir pract	tical. As the W accident, prevocipal.	f the following: was badly injure orkshop Incharge ention in future	, find out the	reasons behind	(08)	

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Q. No.	Sub Q. N.	Answer	Marking Scheme
4.	Q. 14.	Required Format:	Bellettie
		1. Date	1/2
		2. Sender's Address	1/2
		3. Receiver's Address	1/2
		4. Subject	1/2
		5. Salutation	1/2
		6. Relevant and Appropriate Matter	5
		7. Closure	1/2
		Sample Draft:	
		13 April 2018	1/2
		The Workshop Incharge	
		Pioneer Polytechnic	
		M. G. Road, Camp	
		Pune-411 001	1/2
		The Principal	
		Pioneer Polytechnic	
		M. G. Road, Camp	1/
		Pune-411 001	1/2
		Subject: Report on an accident in the workshop	1/2
		Respected Sir,	1/2
		With reference to the above subject, I regret to inform you that an accident took place in our workshop on 12 April, 2018 at 2.00 pm while performing a welding job.	
		Master Gaurav Salunkhe (Roll No. 415 FYME) was performing the practical in the welding section of workshop. While welding two iron rods, sparks fell on his clothes and he sustained serious burn injuries.	
		<b>First Aid Help:</b> Gaurav was immediately given first aid by our workshop attendant. Later he was sent to the nearby hospital as the wound was deep. The doctor admitted him to the hospital and treatment was given to him. The doctor suggested him to stay in the hospital for a day.	5 Marks for Matter
		Causes of the Accident:  1. The reason for the accident was the lack of attention on the part of	
		Gaurav. 2. He was performing practical without wearing the workshop overalls.	

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	Sub	Angwar	Morling
Q. No.	Q. N.	Answer	Marking Scheme
4.	· ·	Suggestions to avoid such accidents in future:  1) Students should be instructed to wear the workshop overalls while performing the practicals.  2) Training in safety measures should be given to the students.  3) Instruction charts should be displayed in the workshop.  4) All the activities must be carried out in the presence of supervisor only.  The above preventive measures should be implemented at the earliest to avoid accidents in future.  This is for your information and necessary action.	
		Thanking you  Yours faithfully, Sd/- Workshop Incharge  (Note: Students may write the report in Semi Block or indented format. Details may vary.)	1/2
	(ii)	Write a report on sudden fall in consumption of cold-drinks in your city. Give the reasons and necessary suggestions.  Ans: Required Format:  1. Date 2. Sender's Address 3. Receiver's Address 4. Subject 5. Salutation 6. Relevant and Appropriate Matter 7. Closure  Sample Draft:  12 April 2018  From Mr. Sunil Gupta	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 5 1/2
		Mr. Sunil Gupta Sales Manager Pune -411016  To The Production Manager Fresh Cold-drink Pvt. Ltd. Pune -411016	1/2

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Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
4.		Subject: Report about fall in consumption of cold-drinks in our city	1/2
		Sir, With reference to the above subject, I want to inform you that there is fall in consumption of cold-drinks in our city. This year the consumption is declined by 15 % as compared to last year.	1/2
		Causes/Reasons of the decline:  • Increasing competition in the market has become a threat.  • The citizens prefer fresh juices and other beverages to cold drinks.	
		<ul> <li>Suggestions to improve the consumption level:</li> <li>We must run awareness program to increase consumption of cold-drinks in our city.</li> <li>Price of cold-drinks in our city should be decreased.</li> <li>Advertisement policies should be run in more effective manner.</li> </ul>	5 Marks for Matter
		If we implement the above mentioned suggestions, we can increase consumption of cold-drinks in our city. This is for your information and necessary action.	
		Thanking You	
		Yours truly, Sd/- Mr. Sunil Gupta	1/2
		(Note: Students may write the report in Semi Block or Indented format. Information/Details may vary.)	
5.	a)	Attempt any <u>FOUR</u> of the following:  Describe the following in about 35-40 words:  (i) Laptop: A laptop is an electronic machine that can be used to store information. It is made up of different components like keyboard, inbuilt mouse and screen/monitor. When we use a laptop, we give some instructions with the help of keys on keyboard. After processing the command, the desired outcome is displayed on the monitor. The data can be stored by saving the documents.	(16) 02
		(ii) Pen drive: Pen drive, also known as a USB flash drive, is a data storage device that includes flash memory with an integrated USB interface. It is removable and rewritable device. It is much smaller than an optical disc. Pen drive capacity arises from 1GB to 256 GB. It is often used for the same purposes for which floppy disks or CDs were once used i.e. for storage, data back-up and transfer of computer files. They are smaller, faster and have thousands of times more capacity. They are more durable and reliable because they have no moving parts.	02



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.	Evaloin the types of listering	Scheme
5.	<b>b</b> )	Explain the types of listening.	
		Ans: The types of listening are as follows:  1) Paggive listening: In paggive listening, the listener is just physically.	
		1) Passive listening: In passive listening, the listener is just physically	
		present and there are no conscious efforts on his part to participate in	
		the communication process. This type of listening takes place when	
		some or many barriers act on the listener. He is not able to concentrate	
		on the message due to some problems in the communication process.	
		The listener is inert or indifferent as he is preoccupied with something	
		else. The message is not absorbed and the passive listener will not be in a position to remember and recall the message in future.	
		2) Selective listening: In this type, listening is done partially or	
		selectively according to one's interest. People tend to listen to only that part/matter which they want to listen to. Selective listening takes place	
		when the receiver is not able to concentrate or loses his focus. If the	
		receiver considers himself to be better informed than the communicator,	
		then selective listening is likely to take place.	
		3) Active listening: Active listening is the key to effective	
		communication. It is the most desirable type of listening. The listener	
		makes efforts to decode the message and fully participate in the	
		communication process. The barriers to listening are at minimum level	
		and therefore effective listening takes place. The receiver of the	
		message shows regard for the speaker, concentrates on what is said,	
		reacts positively to the verbal and nonverbal clues of the speaker by	
		showing empathy. In this way he makes it easy for the speaker to	
		deliver his message successfully. He can remember and recall the	
		message whenever required.	04
		(Note: Students may explain the types in brief.)	
	<b>c</b> )	What is the difference between listening and hearing?	
		Ans: Listening is the process of hearing with attention and	
		concentration. It involves understanding and comprehension of the	
		sounds and the words of the speaker by the listener.	
		Hearing is the process of just taking note/cognizance of the words	
		spoken by the speaker without any attention or understanding the matter.	
		Hearing is a physical act while listening is intellectual involving both	
		body and brain.	04
	d)	Write the advantages of graphic communication.	
		Ans: Advantages of Graphic communication are as follows:	
		1. Graphic communication shows each nominal or ordinal category in a	0.4
		frequency distribution.	01
		2. It displays relative numbers or proportions of multiple categories.	01
		3. It summarizes a large data set in a visual form. Charts, maps,	01
		graphics, symbols etc. are precise.	01
		4. It estimates key values at a glance. Therefore, it is effective.	01
		5. It is easily understood due to widespread use in business and media.	01
		6. It is easy to understand through visual display.	01
		7. It has an impact on the audience.	01
		8. There is no language barrier.	01
		(Note: Any correct four advantages of graphic communication should	01
		be given marks.)	<u> </u>



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

**Subject Code**: **Subject Name: Communication Skills Model Answer** 17201

Q.	Sub	Answer	r		Markin	
No.	Q. N.				g Scheme	
5.	e)	Explain the role of artifacts in non-verbal communication.  Ans: Artifacts refer to the objects of surroundings, the infrastructure and allied amenities in an organization/ in the room. For example, state-of-art infrastructure provides an enriching ambience and energizes the employees to work for longer hours and contributes effectively for the development of the organization. The objects in offices or houses often convey the signals about the occupant's information. The type of books or magazines that are read by the people also gives an idea about their tastes, likes and dislikes.  A pleasant environment helps in communication. It includes elements like colour, ventilation, lighting and temperature. Layout of the surroundings and space arrangements convey status and sense of aesthetics. It creates an impact on the communication situation.				
6.	a) i)	Attempt any <u>ONE</u> of the following: The Central Government has allocated the control of the following:			(08)	
		crores for different rural developmen Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme Bijali Scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores. Instruction: 1) Present the given information in tal 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the br Ans:	te Bal Aarogya sche eme gets Rs 120 cro I the Tribal welfare s abular form.	me gets Rs ores; Gram		
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction:  1) Present the given information in tall 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:  Sr. Name of Rural Allocated Fund Scheme (In	te Bal Aarogya sche eme gets Rs 120 cro I the Tribal welfare s abular form.	me gets Rs ores; Gram		
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction:  1) Present the given information in tall 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:  Sr. Name of Rural Allocated Fund	ee Bal Aarogya sche eme gets Rs 120 cro l the Tribal welfare s abular form. reak-up of fund.	me gets Rs ores; Gram scheme gets	2	
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme Bijali Scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction:  1) Present the given information in tale 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:  Sr. Name of Rural Allocated Fund (In Crores)  1 India Awas 480 Scheme 2 Bal Aarogya 360 Scheme	te Bal Aarogya schei eme gets Rs 120 cro I the Tribal welfare s abular form. reak-up of fund.	Angle/degree	Marks for	
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction:  1) Present the given information in tata 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:  Sr. Name of Rural Allocated Fund (In Crores)  1 India Awas 480 Scheme 2 Bal Aarogya 360 Scheme 3 Gramin Sadak 120 Scheme	te Bal Aarogya scher eme gets Rs 120 cro I the Tribal welfare s abular form. reak-up of fund.  Calculation	Angle/degree	Marks for Calcul-	
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction: 1) Present the given information in tate 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:  Sr. Name of Rural Allocated Fund (In Crores)  1 India Awas 480 Scheme 2 Bal Aarogya 360 Scheme 3 Gramin Sadak 120 Scheme 4 Gram Bijali 180 Scheme	te Bal Aarogya scher eme gets Rs 120 cro I the Tribal welfare s abular form. reak-up of fund.  Calculation  480 X 360 / 1200	Angle/degree  144°  108°	Marks for Calcul	
		Awas scheme gets Rs 480 crores; the 360 crores, the Gramin Sadak scheme Bijali Scheme gets Rs 180 crores; and Rs. 60 crores.  Instruction:  1) Present the given information in tale 2) Prepare a pie-chart showing the brans:    Sr.   Name of Rural   Allocated   Fund   Scheme   (In   Crores)	the Bal Aarogya scheme gets Rs 120 crost the Tribal welfare subular form.  Teak-up of fund.  Calculation  480 X 360 / 1200  360 X 360 / 1200	Angle/degree  144°  108°  36°	Marks	

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### MAHARASHTRA STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

(Autonomous) (ISO/IEC - 27001 - 2005 Certified)

**SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION Subject Code: Subject Name: Communication Skills Model Answer** 17201 Q. Sub Answer Marking No. Q. N. Scheme 6. LEGEND 1 Mark ■ India Awas Scheme for Legend ■ Bal Aarogya Scheme 04 ☐ Gramin Sadak Marks Scheme for ☐ Gram Bijali Scheme present ation/ ■ Tribal Welfare pie Scheme chart 1 Mark Chart Showing Fund Allocation For Different Rural for Title **Development Scheme** (ii) Present the given data in a bar-graph. The data collected by a non governmental organization on seasonal rainfall received (in cms) during the years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 in four metropolitan cities in India as following: City 2011 2012 2013 2014 300 225 Mumbai 200 225 250 250 Kolkata 250 275 Delhi 300 300 300 300 250 250 300 Chennai 250 Ans:

1 Mark Scale: on Y Axis for Scale 300 1cm=50 cms R 250 i LEGEND 1Mark n f 200 for Mumbai Legend l 150-■ Kolkata Delhi 100 i □ Chennai n 5 Marks 50  $\mathbf{c}$ for m present Χ 2011 2012 2013 2014 ation Years 1 Mark Bar Graph Showing Rainfall in cms in Various Cities in Different for Title Years (Note: Student can draw bar graph in other way by taking Years on Y axis.)



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

Q.	Sub		Answ	/er			Marking
No.	Q. N.					Scheme	
6.	<b>b</b> )	b) Attempt the following: Place an order to Tata-Mc-Graw Hill Publications, 141 Street, Mira Road, Mumbai for the book on Communication Skills and Spoken English Cassettes. Ans:					(08)
		Required Format: 1. Letterhead/Sender's Add 2. Date 3. Receiver's Address 4. Subject 5. Salutation 6. Relevant and Appropriate 7. Closure					1/ <sub>2</sub>
	Sample Draft Shivaji Polytechnic Satav Nagar, Hadapsar, Pune 411 028						1/2
	To Sales Manager						1/2
		Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publications 141 Street, Mira Road Mumbai					1/2
	Subject: Order for the books on Communication Skills and Spoken English cassettes  Dear Sir, With reference to the above, we thank you for your quotation no. TMCHP/Quote/2018/35 dated 10 April 2018 for the books on						1/2
							1/2
		Communication Skills and Spoken English Cassettes. We agree with					
		your terms and conditions.  We are pleased to place an order for the following material:					
		Sr. Particulars No.	Qty	Rate	Amount (Rs)		5 Marks
		1) Communication Skills	100	100/-	10,000/-		for Matter
		2) Spoken English Cassettes	50	200/-	10,000/-		
				Total:	20,000/-		
	Kindly find the enclosed cheque number 12435 dated 12 April drawn on ICICI Bank for Rs. 20,000/- [Rupees Twenty Thousand favouring yourself towards full and final payment as requested by You are requested to ensure that the books on Communication and Spoken English Cassettes are ready for delivery by April 25, 2					only] you. kills	



### **SUMMER-2018 EXAMINATION**

**Subject Code**: **Subject Name: Communication Skills Model Answer** 17201

Q.	Sub	Answer	Marking
No.	Q. N.		Scheme
6.		in accordance with the terms of your offer.	
		Thanking you	
		Yours sincerely, Sd/-	
		Mr. S. P. Toradkar	
		Librarian	1/2
		Encl: Cheque number 12435 dated 12 April 2018 drawn on ICICI Bank for Rs. 20,000/-	
		(Note: Students may write the letters in Semi Block or indented format. Information/Details can vary.)	

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