21222

3 Hours / 80 Marks

Seat No.				

15 minutes extra for each hour

- Instructions (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
 - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (5) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
 - (6) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following:

20

- a) Define Arrhenius acids and bases with examples and discuss the limitations of this theory.
- b) Explain the mechanism of action of antioxidants and write the factors to be considered for selection of suitable antioxidants.
- c) Explain with examples Antacids Combination Therapy.
- d) Explain principle involved in the limit test for Iron with suitable reactions.
- e) Describe mechanism of action of anti-microbial agents.
- f) Write properties and uses of:
 - (i) Talc
 - (ii) Selenium sulphide

rehydration salt mixture recommended by WHO and UNICEF.

e) Draw a well labelled diagram of Gutzeit apparatus.

0806	3		
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			Marks
4.		Attempt any THREE of the following:	12
	a)	State the formula, synonym, properties and uses of calcium hydroxide.	
	b)	Describe the role of calcium or Iodine in the body.	
	-)	Classify and antica with a with 1.1.	

- c) Classify cathartics with suitable examples.
- d) Explain radio opaque contrast media. Give the properties and uses of Barium sulphate
- e) Mention the molecular formula and synonyms of :
 - (i) Magnesium sulphate
 - (ii) Antimony potassium tartrate

5. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- a) Give the properties and storage condition of hydrogen peroxide and potassium permaganate.
- b) Define Inhalant. Explain role of oxygen in human body.
- c) Enlist various units used for measuring radioactivity. Explain the construction and working of Geiger Muller counter.
- d) State synonym, formula, properties and uses of Boric acid.
- e) Explain how physiological acid base balance of the body is maintained.

0806 [4]

12

6. Attempt any THREE of the following:

- a) Name the various sources of impurities present in pharmaceutical substances. Explain any two.
- b) Define Antioxidants. Write formula, properties and uses of sodium thiosulphate.
- c) Define Radioisotopes and write any three applications of radioisotopes.
- d) Write the properties and uses of:
 - (i) Zinc Chloride
 - (ii) Potassium iodide
- e) Write two identification tests for the following ions/radical (Any two)
 - (i) Calcium
 - (ii) Ferrous
 - (iii) Acetates