



17319

15162

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

- Instructions :**
- (1) All questions are **compulsory**.
 - (2) Answer **each** next main question on a **new** page.
 - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches **wherever** necessary.
 - (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
 - (5) Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.

Marks

1. A) Attempt **any six** : **12**
- i) Draw neat symbol of n-channel and p-channel FET.
 - ii) Define intrinsic stand off ratio for UJT.
 - iii) List the types of amplifier coupling.
 - iv) Which type of MOSFET is called “Normally ON MOSFET” ? Why ?
 - v) Define operating principle of tuned circuit.
 - vi) State maximum efficiency of class –A power amplifier.
 - vii) Compare amplifier and oscillator on :
 - i) Type of feedback used
 - ii) Input signal.
 - viii) Draw neat circuit of bootstrap time base generator.
- B) Attempt **any two** : **8**
- i) Compare CB, CE and CC on the basis of
 - i) Input resistance (R_i)
 - ii) Output resistance (R_o)
 - iii) Current gain (A_i)
 - iv) Voltage gain (A_v)
 - ii) Describe the concept of thermal runaway. How it can be avoided ?
 - iii) Draw circuit of Zener diode as a voltage regulator and explain its working with neat V-I characteristics.
2. Attempt **any four** : **16**
- A) Draw labelled Input and Output characteristics of BJT in CE configuration.
 - B) List the types of biasing of transistor. Draw neat circuit diagram of voltage divider bias.
 - C) With the help of neat construction of JFET, explain its working principle.
 - D) Define α and β related to transistor. Derive relation between them.
 - E) List the type of feedback connection. Draw block diagram representation of them (any one).
 - F) Draw block diagram of DC regulated power supply and explain function of each block with waveforms.

P.T.O.

**3. Attempt any four :****16**

- A) Explain working of transistor as a switch with waveforms.
- B) Compare BJT and FET (Any 4 pt.).
- C) Describe working of UJT relaxation oscillator with circuit and waveforms.
- D) Draw circuit diagram of single stage CE amplifier with Input and Output waveforms.
- E) Draw circuit diagram of DC regulated dual power supply for $\pm 12V$ using IC's 78XX and 79XX.
- F) Define :
 - i) Load Regulation
 - ii) Line Regulation

4. Attempt any four :**16**

- A) Draw labelled Drain and transfer characteristics of JFET.
- B) Draw circuit of transformer coupled transistor amplifier also draw its frequency response.
- C) Explain working of enhancement type MOSFET with neat construction.
- D) Draw the diagram of class A power amplifier and explain its working.
- E) Compare Class A, Class B, Class C power amplifier on the basis of
 - i) Operating point
 - ii) Efficiency
 - iii) Conduction angle
 - iv) O/p wave forms
- F) Draw circuit and waveforms of miller sweep generator. List two applications of it.

5. Attempt any four :**16**

- A) Draw circuit of transistorized shunt voltage regulator and explain its working.
- B) Draw V-I charact of UJT and label it.
- C) Explain operation of Class-B push-pull amplifier with circuit diagram.
- D) Draw circuit of common source FET amplifier and explain its working.
- E) State Barkhausen's criteria required for oscillations. List 2 application of oscillator.
- F) Draw pin diagram and functional block diagram of IC 723.

6. Attempt any four :**16**

- A) Explain concept of DC loadline used in BJT.
 - B) Draw circuit of transistorised series voltage regulator and explain its working.
 - C) List any four advantages of – ve feedback.
 - D) Compare single tuned and double tuned amplifier on i) Circuit diagram ii) Frequency response.
 - E) Describe the operation of UJT with its equivalent circuit.
 - F) Draw labelled circuit of RC phase shift oscillator. State the formula for frequency of oscillation.
-